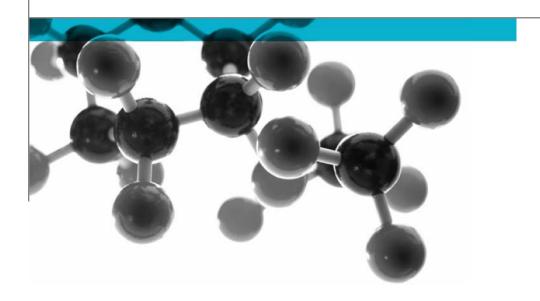
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BS 476: Part 7: 1997



Method For Classification Of The Surface Spread Of Flame Of Products

A Report To: Kronospan Limited

Document Reference: 523029

Date: 17th February 2023

Issue No.: 1

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0249

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Executive Summary

Objective

To determine the surface spread of flame classification of the following product when tested in accordance with BS 476: Part 7: 1997.

Generic Description		Product reference	Thickness	Weight per unit area or density		
Melamine faced medium density		"Melamine faced MDF	25.61mm*	20.29kg/m ² *		
fibreboard		board"				
Individual components used to manufacture composite:						
Laminate Paper		"101"	Unable to provide	Unable to provide		
	Resin	Unable to provide	Unable to provide	Unable to provide		
Medium density fibreboard		Unable to provide	25mm	Unable to provide		
Laminate Paper		"101"	Unable to provide	Unable to provide		
	Resin	Unable to provide	Unable to provide	Unable to provide		
*determined by Warringtonfire						
Please see page 5 of this test report for the full description of the product tested						

Test Sponsor Kronospan Limited, Chirk, Wrexham, LL14 5NT

Test Results: Class 2

An uncertainty of measurement estimation has been conducted in relation to the distance travelled by the flame front and the findings are as detailed in Appendix 2.

Date of Test 20th October 2022

Signatories

Responsible Officer

D. Roberts *
Testing Officer

Authorised C. Jacques *

Senior Technical Officer

* For and on behalf of Warringtonfire.

Report Issued: 17th February 2023

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Test Details

Purpose of test

To determine the performance of a product when it is subjected to the conditions of the test specified in BS 476: Part 7: 1997, "Fire tests on building materials and structures, method for classification of the surface spread of flame of products". This test was therefore performed in accordance with the procedure specified in BS 476: Part 7: 1997 and this report should be read in conjunction with that British Standard.

Scope of test

BS 476: Part 7: 1997 specifies a method of test for measuring the lateral spread of flame along the surface of a specimen of a product orientated in the vertical position, and a classification system based on the rate and extent of flame spread. It provides data suitable for comparing the performances of essentially flat materials, composites, or assemblies, which are used primarily as the exposed surfaces of walls or ceilings.

Fire test study group/EGOLF

Certain aspects of some fire test specifications are open to different interpretations. The Fire Test Study Group and EGOLF have identified a number of such areas and have agreed Resolutions which define common agreement of interpretations between fire test laboratories which are members of the Groups. Where such Resolutions are applicable to this test they have been followed.

Instruction to test

The test was conducted on the 20th October 2022 at the request of Kronospan Limited, the sponsor of the test.

Provision of test specimens

The specimens were supplied by the sponsor of the test. Warringtonfire was not involved in any selection or sampling procedure. The results stated in this report apply to the sample as received.

Conditioning of specimens

The specimens were received on the 7th September 2022 and were conditioned to constant mass at a temperature of 23 \pm 2°C and a relative humidity of 50 \pm 5% prior to testing.

Form in which the specimens were tested

Composite - Combination of materials which are generally recognised in building constructions as discrete entities e.g. coated or laminated materials. Each specimen was tested in direct contact with a nominally 12mm thick noncombustible backing board.

Exposed face

The decorative face of the specimens was exposed to the heating conditions of the test.

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Description of Test Specimens

The description of the specimens given below has been prepared from information provided by the sponsor of the test. This information has not been independently verified by Warringtonfire. All values quoted are nominal, unless tolerances are given.

General description		otion	Melamine faced medium density fibreboard		
Product reference of coating system		nce of coating system	"Melamine faced MDF board"		
Name of manufacturer		facturer	Kronospan Chirk, Ltd.		
Overall thickness		SS	25.61mm (determined by Warringtonfire)		
Over	all weight	per unit area	20.29kg/m ² (determined by Warringtonfire)		
Prod	uct configu	uration	Laminate		
			MDF		
			Laminate		
		Generic type	Laminate paper		
		Product reference	"101"		
	Donor	Name of manufacturer	Malta, Poland		
	Paper	Thickness	See Note 1 below		
		Weight per unit area / density	See Note 1 below		
		Flame retardant details	See Note 2 below		
ţe.	Laminate	Generic type	Resin		
ina		Product reference	See Note 1 below		
E	Name of manufacturer	Kronospan Chirk			
ت	Resin	Colour	Transparent		
		Number of coats	See Note 1 below		
		Application rate	See Note 1 below		
		Specific gravity	See Note 1 below		
		Application method	See Note 1 below		
		Flame retardant details	See Note 2 below		
		Curing process	See Note 1 below		
		Generic type	Medium density fibreboard		
Product reference			See Note 1 below		
MDF		Name of manufacturer	Kronospan Chirk		
		Thickness	25mm		
		Weight per unit area / density	See Note 1 below		
	Flame retardant details		See Note 2 below		
Brief description of manufacturing process of		n of manufacturing process of	See Note 1 below		
coatings					

Note 1: The sponsor was unable to provide this information.

Note 2: The sponsor of the test has confirmed that no flame retardant additives were utilised in the production of the component.

The description of the specimens given above is therefore not as complete as would normally be the case for descriptions included in Warringtonfire test reports and the description may not fully comply with the requirements of the test standard. In all other respects however the tests were conducted fully in accordance with the requirements of the test standard and the test results are valid.

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Test Results

Results and observations

The test results for the individual specimens, together with observations made during the test and comments on any difficulties encountered during the test are given in Appendix 1.

Classification

In accordance with the class definitions given in BS 476: Part 7: 1997; the specimens tested are classified as Class 2.

An uncertainty of measurement estimation has been conducted in relation to the distance travelled by the flame front and the findings are as detailed in Appendix 2.

Criteria for classification

If the prefix 'D' or suffix 'R' or 'Y' is included in the classification, this indicates that the results should be treated with caution. An explanation of the reason for the prefix and suffixes is given in Appendix 3, together with the classification limits specified in the Standard.

Applicability of test result

The test results relate only to the behaviour of the test specimens of the product under the particular conditions of test; they are not intended to be the sole criterion for assessing the potential fire hazard of the product in use.

The test results relate only to the specimens of the product in the form in which they were tested. Small differences in the composition or thickness of the product may significantly affect the performance during the test and may therefore invalidate the test results. Care should be taken to ensure that any product which is supplied or used is fully represented by the specimens which were tested.

Validity

The specification and interpretation of fire test methods are the subject of ongoing development and refinement. Changes in associated legislation may also occur. For these reasons it is recommended that the relevance of test reports over five years old should be considered by the user. The laboratory that issued the report will be able to offer, on behalf of the legal owner, a review of the procedures adopted for a particular test to ensure that they are consistent with current practices, and if required may endorse the test report.

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Appendix 1 – Test Results

SPECIMEN No.	1	2	3	4	5	6
Maximum distance travelled at 1.5 minutes (mm)	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50
Distance (mm)		Time	to travel to i (minutes :	ndicated dis seconds)	tance	
75 165 190 215 240 265 290 375 455 500 525 600 675 710 750 785 825	3:37 5:38 7:29 8:28 9:09 9:52	3:31 5:19 6:15 7:21 8:08 9:02 9:58	3:27 5:22 6:08 7:10 7:40 8:16 9:12	3:34 5:43 6:18 6:52 7:22 8:00 8:36	3:26 5:25 6:01 6:33 7:10 8:05 9:30	3:44 5:48 6:36 7:03 7:57 9:01 9:53
Time to reach maximum distance travelled	9:52	9:58	9:12	8:36	9:30	9:53
Maximum distance travelled in 10 minutes (mm)	265	290	290	290	290	290

Note: Six specimens are usually tested. If the test on any specimen is deemed to be invalid, as defined in the Standard, it is permissible for up to a maximum of nine specimens to be tested in order to obtain the six valid test results.

Observations made during test and comments on any difficulties encountered during the test:

In the case of each specimen, transitory and flash flaming was observed from 2 minutes 13 seconds up to a distance of 165mm. Sustained flaming was observed from 2 minutes 41 seconds up to a distance of 330mm.

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Appendix 2 – Uncertainty of Measurement

Specimen No.	1	2	3	4	5	6
Maximum distance travelled at 1.5 minutes (mm)	±3	±3	±3	±3	±3	±3
Maximum distance travelled in 10 minutes (mm)	±16	±17	±17	±17	±17	±17

The reported expanded uncertainty is based on a standard uncertainty multiplied by a coverage factor k=2, providing a coverage probability of approximately 95%. The uncertainty evaluation has been carried out in accordance with UKAS requirements.

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Appendix 3 – Classification Criteria

Classification of spread of flame		Spread of Flame at 1.5 min		Final Spread of Flame	
	Classification	Limit (mm)	Limit for one specimen (mm)	Limit (mm)	Limit for one specimen (mm)
	Class 1 Class 2 Class 3	165 215 265	165 + 25 215 + 25 265 + 25	165 455 710	165 + 25 455 + 45 710 + 75
	Class 4	Exceeding the I	imits for class 3		

Explanation of prefix and suffixes which may be added to the classification

- 1. A suffix R is added to the classification if more than six specimens are required in order to obtain six valid test results (e.g. class 2R).
- 2. A prefix D is added to the classification of any product which does not comply with the surface characteristics specified in the Standard and has therefore been tested in a modified form (e.g. class D3).
- 3. A suffix Y is added to the classification if any softening and/or other behaviour that may affect the flame spread occurs (e.g. class 3Y).

For example, a classification of D3RY could be achieved indicating (a) a modified surface has been used; (b) a class 3 result has been obtained; (c) additional specimens have been used to obtain 6 valid results and; (d) softening and/or other behaviour has occurred which is considered to have affected the test result.

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